

## U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS

## Software developers

| Employment (1) | Employment <br> RSE (3) | Mean hourly <br> wage | Mean annual <br> wage (2) | Wage RSE (3) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 302,150 | $1.4 \%$ | $\$ 39.75$ | $\$ 82,690$ | $1.3 \%$ |

Sales managers

| Employment (1) | Employment <br> RSE (3) | Mean hourly <br> wage | Mean annual <br> wage (2) | Wage RSE (3) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 358,920 | $0.6 \%$ | $\$ 60.60$ | $\$ 126,040$ | $0.3 \%$ |

Marketing managers

| Employment (1) | Employment <br> RSE (3) | Mean hourly <br> wage | Mean annual <br> wage (2) | Wage RSE (3) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 184,490 | $0.9 \%$ | $\$ 66.06$ | $\$ 137,400$ | $0.5 \%$ |




six foll wo



## MARKET RESEARCH QUESTIONS




LARGE-SCALE POLLING WITH InterPoll

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## InterPoll 101

> We want to give access to polls and survey to the regular developer.


## SIMPLE LINQ QUERIES

```
var femaleHeight = from person in people where person.Gender ==
Gender.FEMALE select person.PoseQuestion<int>("What is your height?");
var maleHeight = from person in people where person.Gender ==
Gender.MALE select person.PoseQuestion<int>("What is your height?");
```

```
if (maleHeight.ToRandomVariable() > femaleHeight.ToRandomVariable()) {
    Console.WriteLine(
            "Males are taller that females, according to a t-test.");
}
```


## OUR FOCUS IS ON AN END-TO-END PROCESS



## SAMPLE SURVEYS

|  | Survey |
| :---: | :---: |
| Survey | Do you shop locally? |
| What is currently preventing | O Always |
| O Time Available | O Never |
| ODesire and Motivation | O Once in a while |
| O Weather | OUsually |
| O Laws of Thermodynan | O About half the time |
| O Physical Disability | Do you make at least one purchase a day at chain stor |
|  | Oyes |
|  | O No |
| Survey |  |
| What has happened to the Us | Do you shop at local stores daily? |
| Osmaller | Oyes |
| O Larger | O No |
| O same as it was a year | Do you consider yourself to be a supporter of small bil |
|  | OYes |
|  | O No |

(-) $\rightarrow$ https//requester.mturk.com/mturk/managı O - © Amazon Mechanical Turk R... $\times$
$\therefore-\square$

```
Sort by: Creation Date (newest first) \(\checkmark\) ©
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Heioht surver ( cm )} \\
\hline Requester: & Ben Livshits & Assignments Pending Review. & 200 Review submissions \\
\hline HIT Expiration Date: & Mar 3 2014, 09:46 PM PST & Reviewed Assignments: & 0 \\
\hline Reward: & S0.10 & Remaining Assignments: & 0 Add assignments \\
\hline Assignments Requested: & 200 & Remaining Time: & 2 days 7 hours Add fime \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Heioht survey & & & & Delete this HIT \\
\hline Requester: & Ben Livshits & Assignments Pending Review. & 0 & \\
\hline HIT Expiration Date: & Feb 28 2014, 09:39 PM PST & Reviewed Assignments: & 85 Download results & \\
\hline Reward: & 50. 10 & Remaining Assignments: & 115 & \\
\hline Assignments Requested: & 200 & Remaining Time: & Expired Add time & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Empioyment survey} & Deletet this HIT \\
\hline Requester & Ben Livshits & Assignments Pending Review. & 0 & \\
\hline HiT Expiration Date: & Mar 3 2014, 01:56 PM PST & Reviewed Assignments: & 10 Download results & \\
\hline Reward: & s0. 10 & Remaining Assignments: & 0 Add assignments & \\
\hline Assignments Requested: & 10 & Remaining Time: & 1 day 23 hours Add fime & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Demooraphic survey} & Delete this HIT \\
\hline Requester: & Ben Livshits & Assignments Pending Review. & 0 & & \\
\hline HIT Expiration Date: & Feb 16 2014, 12:53 PM PST & Reviewed Assignments: & 1000 D & Download results & \\
\hline Reward: & so. 10 & Remaining Assignments: & 0 & & \\
\hline Assignments Requested: & 1000 & Remaining Time: & Expired & Add time & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|lllll|}
\hline Professional photooraphy survey & & & Delete this HIT \\
\hline Requester: & Ben Livshits & Assignments Pending Review. & 0 & \\
HIT Expiration Date: & Feb 16 2014, \(12: 14\) PM PST & Reviewed Assignments: & 50 & Download results \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{IS THIS NOT A SOLVED PROBLEM?}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Create surveys anywhere, anytime.} \\
\hline **** & 4:21 PM & * 100\% \\
\hline < & Edit & + \(\cdots\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{[- Add Logo} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Customer Feedback Survey} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
1. How well did the customer service agent answer your questions?
Extremely well
. Very well
Moderately well
Slightly well
Not at all well
+ Add QuestionAdd Page



\section*{MOVING AWAY FROM SMALL AND UNREPRESENTATIVE SAMPLES}

\section*{How many participants should I get for an eye tracking study? \\ 42.}
"Experimental psychology is
the study of the college sophomore"
Quinn McNemar, 1946

\section*{KEY FEATURES OF INTERPOLL}

Programmable: integrates human and machine computation

Gets results cheaper; only as many samples as are needed are obtained (power analysis)

Results are representative (unbiasinging)

\section*{OUTLINE}
1) Power analysis
2) Unbiasing
3) Optimizations

\section*{POWER ANALYSIS}

Determine the number of samples for a query

We can sample from the crowd sequentially until we satisfy or disprove our hypothesis.

We will poll the crowd for more until our stopping criterion is reached.

The sopping criterion allows us to conclude that he hypothesis can be proven or disproven with the required level of confidence.

\section*{EXAMPLE QUESTION: HEIGHT}
```

var people = GetPeople(GetDescription(), 200, false, false);
ar height = from person in people
select new
{\mp@code{sel}
Height = person.PoseQuestion<int>(
"What is your height, in centimeters " +
"(if you know your height in inches, you can conve
"centemeters using a calculator here: http://www.c
"Please be careful when typing in your height. Inva
Gender = person.Gender,
Ethnicity = person.Ethnicity,
};
males = from person in height
where person.Gender == Gender.MALE
select person.Height;
females = from person in height
where person.Gender == Gender.FEMALE
select person.Height;
if (males.ToRandomVariable(false) > females.ToRandomVariable(false))
Console.WriteLine("Males are taller than females.");

```
\(N=29\)
Once we remove the outliers
height \(=\) from person in height where
where
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { person. Height }>=140 \& \& \\
& \text { person. Height }<=220 \text { ) }
\end{aligned}
\]
\[
N=27
\]

\section*{CONVERGENCE CURVES: SEQUENTIAL PROBABILITY RATIO TEST (SPRT) OR WALD, 1945}

Sequential probability ratio test: To implement this, we build a sequential acceptance plan. Let \(H_{0}\) : \(p+\epsilon\) and \(H_{A}: p-\epsilon\) where \(p=0.5\) by default and can be overloaded by a programmer. Uncertain \(\langle T\rangle\) calculates the cumulative log-likelihood ratio for each sample:
\[
\Delta_{L}=k \log \left(H_{A} / H_{0}\right)+(n-k) \log \left(H_{0} / H_{A}\right)
\]
where \(n\) is the number of samples taken thus far and \(k\) is the number of successes out of those \(n\) trials. If
\[
\Delta_{L} \leq \log (a l p h a /(1-a l p h a)) \quad=\mathbf{a}
\]
then Uncertain \(\langle T\rangle\) evaluates the conditional as false while if
\[
\Delta_{L} \geq \log ((1-a l p h a) / a l p h a)=\mathrm{b}
\]

\(-351357911131517192123252729313335373941434547495153555759616365676971737577798183858789\)

\section*{DEBATES: INTELLIGENCE SQUARED}

\section*{MILLENNIALS DON'T STAND A CHANCE}

\begin{tabular}{lcrc}
\hline Task & Outcome Power & Cost \\
\hline MilennialsDontStandAChance & No & 37 & \(\$ 3.70\) \\
MinimumWage & No & 43 & \(\$ 4.30\) \\
RichAreTaxedEnough & No & 51 & \(\$ 5.10\) \\
EndOfLife & No & 53 & \(\$ 5.30\) \\
\hline BreakUpTheBigBanks & Yes & 73 & \(\$ 7.30\) \\
StrongDollar & No & 85 & \(\$ 8.50\) \\
MarginalPower & No & 89 & \(\$ 8.90\) \\
\hline GeneticallyEngineeredBabies & Yes & 135 & \(\$ 13.50\) \\
AffirmativeActionOnCampus & Yes & 243 & \(\$ 24.30\) \\
ObesityIsGovernmentBusiness & No & 265 & \(\$ 26.50\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{DOES MONEY BUY HAPPINESS (OR AT LEST TRANQUILITY)?}
```

var rich = from person in scores
where
person.Income == Income.INCOME_35_000_TO_49_999 ||
person.Income == Income.INCOME_75_000_AND_OVER ||
person.Income == Income.INCOME_50_000_TO_74_999
select person.Anxiety;
ar poor = from person in scores
where
person.Income == Income.INCOME_1_TO_4_900 ||
person. Income == Income. INCOME_10_000_T0_14_999 ||
person.Income == Income.INCOME_15_000_TO_24_999
select person.Anxiety;
if (rich.ToRandomVariable(false) < poor.ToRandomVariable(false))//(p ;
Console.WriteLine("Rich are more anxious than poor: " + "\tYes");
Console.WriteLine("Rich are more anxious than poor: " + "\tNo");

```

Are rich more anxious than poor?
\(\mathbf{N}=105\)
expected value for poor \(=8.5714\), expected value for rich=7.9619

\section*{TAXATION, BY GENDER AND INCOME}
\(\square\) No \(\square\) Rich are taxed enough

\(\square\) No \(\square\) Rich are taxed enough


\section*{PRIORS FOR THE CROWD}

Instant.ly crowd


\section*{US census}


\section*{THE UNBIAS OPERATOR}
```

var photoAttitudes = (from person in people
select new
{
Used = person.PoseQuestion<bool>(
"Have you ever hired a professional photograph
WorthIt = person.PoseQuestion<bool>(
"Do you feel the money you spent was worth the
Quality = person.PoseQuestion(
"How would you rate the quality of the pictures
"\u2605", "\u2605\u2605", "\u2605\u2605\u2605",
HowLikely = person.PoseQuestion(
"How likely are you tc // priors for demographics.
"Very likely", "Somewt
WhatDidYouEnjoy = pers
"What did you most en-
var mturk = MTurkPriors.DefaultPriors;
var census = CSPSlicedPriors.DefaultPriors;
var correctedAttitudes = Unbiasing.Unbias(photoAttitudes,
p => p.HowLikely,
p => p.Gender, mturk, census);

```

\section*{UNBIASING RESULTS}

■ Biased response \(\quad\) Unbiased response


\section*{FINANCIAL OPTIMIZATIONS}

\section*{PL optimizations}

Maybe 10\% of the runtime
Maybe milliseconds
Even that is difficult and unpredictable

\section*{InterPoll optimizations}

Saving hundreds of dollars
Waiting hours and days (or weeks) less

Replacing tedious and expensive manual polling effort with large-scale automation

\section*{WHY OPTIMIZE INTERPOLL QUERIES AND HOW?..}


\section*{WHY OPTIMIZE: COST}


\section*{QUERY YIELD}
var females = from person in population1 where person.Gender == Gender.FEMALE select person.Employment;
var males \(=\) from person in population2 where person.Gender == Gender.MALE select person.Employment;



\section*{DEPENDS ON THE QUERY: SOME FILTERS HAVE LOW YIELD}


\section*{}





\section*{WHY OPTIMIZE: COST (2)}


\section*{WHY OPTIMIZE: TIME}


\section*{TIME SAVINGS FROM REBALANCING OPTIMIZATIONS}


\section*{WHY OPTIMIZE: MARGIN OF ERROR}


\section*{PANEL BUILDING}

Unbiasing increases error rates
initial

unbiased


Would it be possible to automatically construct a balanced panel?

This is what human polling experts do: they invite people to participate depending on which profile is needed


\section*{OVERVIEW OF OPTIMIZATIONS IN THIS PROJECT}

\section*{Static optimizations}
1. Flattening of complex LINQ trees
2. Query splitting
3. Common sub-expression elimination

\section*{Runtime optimizations}
1. Yield: cost
2. Rebalancing: time
3. Panel building: error rates

DEMO
musing
namespace Microsoft.Research.RiSE.InterPoll
\{
public partial class Runner
\{
[TestMethod]
public void EmploymentSurvey() \{ \}

\section*{CONCLUSIONS}

InterPoll: a system for large-scale crowd-sourced polling

Geared toward
" Developers who want to incorporate human data into their applications
- But also social scientists
- Marketing professionals
- Campaign pollsters

Have explored power analysis and are doing experiments
on unbiasing
and various optimizations

bUILDING INTERPOLL APPLICATIONS

\section*{SOCIAL SCIENCES}


回

\section*{EXPLORING THE DATA}



\section*{POLITICAL POLLING}


\author{
Demo: basic surveys
}


\section*{}


\section*{COSTLY... ESPECIALLY AT SCALE}

\section*{SurveyMonkey Audience pricing}

A technology accessory company wants feedback on their latest iPhone case design They have a 14 -question survey and would like 200 responses from an audience of only female iPhone users, delivered on the 2-businsess day schedule.
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline 14 question survey & \(\$ 1.50\) per response \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
2 specific targeting \\
options added
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
\(\$ 1.25\) per response (Gender targeting \& iPhone \\
ownership targeting)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
2-business day \\
turnaround
\end{tabular} & \(\$ 1.00\) per response \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Project cost for 200 \\
responses
\end{tabular} & \(\$ 750.00\) (\$3.75 per response) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Instant.ly cost per completed survey


```

